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# ***1. ABOUT THIS GUIDE***

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Thank you very much for purchasing this Wireless N Dual Band Router. This guide will introduce the features of this device and tell you how to connect, use and configure the Router to connect with Internet. Please follow the instructions in this guide to avoid affecting the Router's performance by improper operation.

## **1.1 Overview of the User's Guide**

**Introduction.** Describes the wireless router, the features and appearance.

**Hardware Installation.** Describes the hardware installation and how to setup PC.

**Connecting to Internet.** Tells how you can access Internet quickly using the router.

**Advanced Settings.** Lists all technical functions including Wireless, Network, NAT/Routing, Firewall, Utility, Traffic and System.

# ***2. INTRODUCTION***

---

## **2.1 Overview**

This device is a dual band concurrent wireless router which allows users to access Internet by DHCP/PPPoE/Static IP and can deliver up to 600Mbps wireless data rate. Since it provides Wireless Multibridge, WDS and VPN Server settings, this router can be also used as Repeater, VPN Server and Wireless AP. So it is a high performance and cost-effective solution for home and small offices.

## **2.2 Features**

- Complies with IEEE 802.11n/g/b/a standards.
- Advanced MIMO technology enhances the throughput and wireless coverage.
- Supports PPPoE, Dynamic IP and static IP broadband functions.
- Provides 64/128-bit WEP, WPA, WPA2 and WPA/WPA2 (TKIP+AES) security.
- Connects to secure network easily and fast using WPS.
- Multi-SSID allows user to create multiple LANs according to their needs.
- The IP, MAC and URL filtering makes access and time control more flexibly.
- Repeater function expands the wireless coverage and allows more terminals to access Internet.
- The VPN server can not only protect the privacy of your information, but also simplify network management.
- Smart QoS function can assign bandwidth to PCs equally by one click.

## 2.3 Panel Layout

### 2.3.1 Front Panel

The front panel of this wireless router consists of 9 LEDs, which is designed to indicate connection status.



<b>Power switch</b>	<b>This should be self-explanatory.</b>
<b>RST/WPS</b>	<b>RST:</b> With the router powered on, press and hold the button for more than 5 seconds. The router will reboot to factory default settings.
	<b>WPS:</b> If you have client devices you can press this button to quickly establish a secured connection between router and client devices.
<b>POWER</b>	This indicator lights blue while the router receiving power, otherwise it is off.
<b>CPU</b>	This indicator keeps blinking blue after the router powered on.
<b>2.4G</b>	This indicator lights blue when the router's 2.4G wireless enabled.
<b>5G</b>	This indicator lights blue when the router's 5G wireless enabled.
<b>WAN</b>	When the WAN port is connected successfully the indicator lights blue.
	While transmitting or receiving data through the WAN port the indicator blinks blue.
<b>1/2/3/4 LAN</b>	When one of the LAN ports has a successful connection, the corresponding indicator lights blue.
	While transmitting or receiving data through the LAN port the indicator blinks blue.

### 2.3.2 Rear Panel

The figure below shows the rear panel of the router.



<b>AC IN</b>	The power socket is used to connect the power cable.
<b>WAN</b>	This port is used to connect the DSL/cable Modem or Ethernet.
<b>1/2/3/4 LAN</b>	This port connects to local PC.

**Note:** Press and hold RST/WPS button for less than 5 seconds, the router will enable WPS function. Press and hold WPS/RST button for more than 5 seconds, the router will enable RESET function

# **3. HARDWARE INSTALLATION**

---

## **3.1 Hardware Installation**

For those PCs you wish to access Internet by this router, each of them must be properly connected with the router through UTP Cables.

1. Connect your PC's LAN port to one of the router's LAN port using UTP cable.
2. Connect existing Internet cable (such as ADSL or Modem) to router's WAN port using another UTP cable.
3. Plug the Power Adapter into the router and then into an outlet.
4. Turn on your computer.
5. Check and confirm that the Power LED and LAN LED on the router are **ON**.

## **3.2 Check the Installation**

The control LEDs of the WLAN Router are clearly visible and the status of the network link can be seen instantly:

1. With the power source on, the Power, LAN and WAN LEDs of the WLAN Router will keep lighting blue for a few seconds, the CPU keeps flashing blue.
2. About 5 seconds later, only Power, Enabled wireless (2.4G/5G) and the connected LAN LEDs keep lighting, CPU keeps flashing. Other LED is off.

## **3.3 Set up the Computer**

The default IP address of the Router is 192.168.1.1, the default Subnet Mask is 255.255.255.0. Both of these parameters can be changed as you want. In this guide, we will use the default values for description.

Connect the local PC to the LAN port on the Router. There are then two ways to configure the IP address for your PC.

### **◆ Configure the IP address manually**

Configure the network parameters. The IP address is 192.168.1.xxx ("xxx" range from 2 to 254). The Subnet Mask is 255.255.255.0 and Gateway is 192.168.1.1 (Router's default IP address).

### **◆ Obtain an IP address automatically**

Set up the TCP/IP Protocol in **Obtain an IP address automatically** mode on your PC.

Now, you can run the Ping command in the **command prompt** to verify the network connection between your PC and the Router. Open a command prompt, and type in **ping 192.168.1.1**, then press **Enter**.

```
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>ping 192.168.1.1

Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 192.168.1.1: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=64

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 0ms, Average = 0ms

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>_
```

If the result displayed is similar to that shown in above figure, it means that the connection between your PC and the Router has been established.

```
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>ping 192.168.1.1

Pinging 192.168.1.1 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.
Request timed out.

Ping statistics for 192.168.1.1:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 0, Lost = 4 (100% loss),

C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>_
```

If the result displayed is similar to that shown in the above figure, it means that your PC has not connected to the Router successfully. Please check it following below steps:

**1. Is the connection between your PC and the Router correct?**

If correct, the LAN port on the Router and LED on your PC's adapter should be lit.

**2. Is the TCP/IP configuration for your PC correct?**

Since the Router's IP address is 192.168.1.1, your PC's IP address must be within the range of 192.168.1.2 ~ 192.168.1.254, the Gateway must be 192.168.1.1.

## 4. CONNECTING TO INTERNET

This chapter introduces how to configure the basic functions of your Dual Band Wireless Router so that you can surf Internet.

### 4.1 Login Web Interface

With a Web-based utility, for example Google Chrome, this Router is easy to configure and manage.

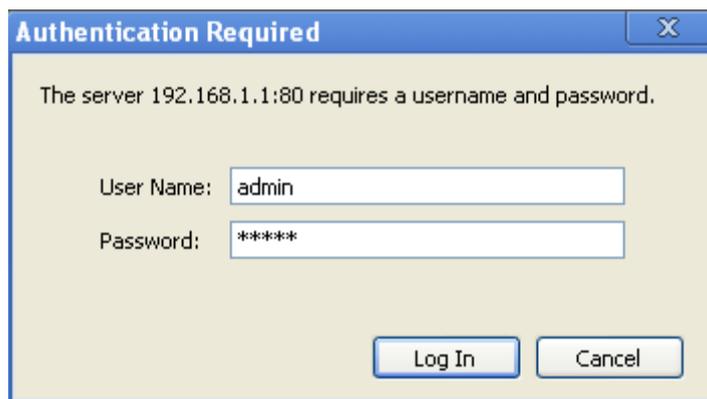
Connect to the Router by typing 192.168.1.1 in the address field of Web Browser. Then press **Enter** key.



It will show up the following page:



Click **Setup Tool** icon  to access the Web Interface of the Router. Then below window will pop up that requires you to enter valid User Name and Password.



Enter **admin** for User Name and Password, both in lower case letters. Then click **Log In** button or press **Enter** key.

**Note:** If the above screen does not prompt, it means that your web-browser has been set to using a proxy. Go to **Tools menu>Internet Options>Connections>LAN Settings**, in the screen that appears, cancel the **Using Proxy checkbox**, and click **OK** to finish it.

Now, you have got into the Router's configuration interface. First, you will see the current

status of Router:

Refresh Save

**Config Explorer**

- Basic Setup
  - Status Summary
  - Internet Setup
  - Wireless Setup(2.4GHz)
  - Wireless Setup(5GHz)
  - Firmware Upgrade
- Advanced Setup

**Status Summary**

**Internet Status**

Internet(WAN) Port Status	WAN port is disconnected		
Internet Connection Type	Static IP	<b>WAN IP</b>	10.1.1.10
Internet connection time	0 Hour 32 Min 28 Sec		

**LAN Configuration**

LAN IP	192.168.1.1
DHCP Server Status	Running
DHCP IP Pool	192.168.1.2 - 192.168.1.254

**Wireless Status(2.4GHz)**

Wireless Mode	Running - AP Mode - No Encryption
SSID(Network Name)	<b>Nowsonic Stage Router</b>
Wireless Multibridge	Stopped

**Wireless Status(5GHz)**

Wireless Mode	Running - AP Mode - No Encryption
SSID(Network Name)	<b>Nowsonic Stage Router 5G</b>
Wireless Multibridge	Stopped

**Miscellaneous**

Firmware Version	8.46
Remote Mgmt Information	Remote Management is not configured. You can set up this at [ <a href="#">Mgmt Access List</a> ] page
System run time	0 Hour 32 Min 45 Sec

On the left, it is the guide bar:

**Config Explorer**

- Basic Setup
  - Status Summary
  - Internet Setup
  - Wireless Setup(2.4GHz)
  - Wireless Setup(5GHz)
  - Firmware Upgrade
- Advanced Setup
  - Network
  - Wireless(2.4GHz)
  - Wireless(5GHz)
  - NAT/Routing
  - Firewall
  - Utility
  - Traffic
  - System

## 4.2 Changing Password

Now, we recommend that you change the password to protect the security of your Router. Please go to **Advanced Setup—System—Admin Setup** change the password required to

log into your Router.

The screenshot shows two sections of the router's configuration interface. The first section, 'Login Account Setup', has a header bar and a table with the following fields: 'Current ID & password' (ID - admin, Password - Configured), 'New Login ID' (text input), 'New Password' (text input), and 'Re-type New Password' (text input). An 'Apply' button is at the bottom right. The second section, 'Admin E-mail Setup', also has a header bar and a table with fields: 'Admin E-mail' (text input), 'Mail Server(SMTP)' (text input), 'E-mail of sender' (text input), 'Use Authentication' (radio buttons for 'Use' and 'Not Use', with 'Not Use' selected), 'SMTP Account' (text input), and 'SMTP Password' (text input). An 'Apply' button is at the bottom right.

**New Login ID:** type in the name that you use to login the web interface of the router or change a new one.

**New Password:** new password is used for administrator authentication.

**Re-type New Password:** new password should be re-entered to verify its accuracy.

*Note: password length is 8 characters maximum, characters after the 8<sup>th</sup> position will be truncated.*

**Admin Email Setup** we will discuss later.

## 4.3 Internet Setup

Click **Basic Setup--Internet Setup**, this page is used to configure the parameters for Internet Network. WAN access modes include DHCP, PPPoE and Static IP.

The screenshot shows the 'Internet Setup' page with the 'Static IP User' option selected. The configuration table is as follows:

<input type="radio"/> DHCP User (FTTH, Optic LAN, Cable Modem, VDSL, LAN, IP ADSL)				
<input type="radio"/> PPPoE User(ADSL)				
<input checked="" type="radio"/> Static IP User				
WAN IP	10	. 1	. 1	. 10
Subnet Mask	255	. 255	. 255	. 0
Default Gateway	10	. 1	. 1	. 1
Primary DNS	12	. 12	. 13	. 14
Secondary DNS		.	.	.
<input type="checkbox"/> MTU	1500			
<input type="checkbox"/> MAC Address Clone	[ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ]			
	Search MAC address			

An 'Apply' button is located at the bottom right of the form.

### 4.3.1 DHCP User

For DHCP User, your computer will get dynamic IP address from your ISP (Internet Service

Provider) automatically. No need to do any settings here.

The screenshot shows the 'Internet Setup' configuration page. The 'DHCP User (FTTH, Optic LAN, Cable Modem, VDSL, LAN, IP ADSL)' option is selected and highlighted with a red box. Other options include 'PPPoE User(ADSL)' and 'Static IP User'. Below these are several checkboxes: 'MAC Address Clone', 'Restart DHCP client if the physical WAN link is reconnected.', and 'Set DNS server manually'. There are also input fields for 'MTU' (set to 1500), 'Primary DNS', and 'Secondary DNS'. An 'Apply' button is located at the bottom right.

### 4.3.2 PPPoE User (ADSL)

If you use ADSL virtual dial-up to connect Internet, please choose this option. Your ISP must have provided the User ID and Password.

The screenshot shows the 'Internet Setup' configuration page with 'PPPoE User(ADSL)' selected and highlighted with a red box. The 'DHCP User' and 'Static IP User' options are unselected. Below the selection are input fields for 'User ID' and 'Password'. There are also checkboxes for 'MAC Address Clone', 'MTU' (set to 1454), and 'Set DNS server manually'. A checked 'LCP option' has sub-fields for 'Interval' (30) and 'Count' (10). There are also input fields for 'Primary DNS' and 'Secondary DNS'. An 'Apply' button is at the bottom right.

The screenshot shows the 'PPPoE Scheduler' settings. The 'Start' radio button is unselected, and the 'Stop' radio button is selected. There is an 'Apply' button. Below this, the 'System Time' is shown as 'Failed to get system time from time server.'. There is an 'Add ON Schedule' section with input fields for time and an 'Add' button. At the bottom, there is a table with columns for 'Start Time', 'End Time', and 'Status', and a 'Del' button. The table contains one entry: 'PPPoE ON always'.

**User ID:** a specific valid ADSL user name provided by your ISP.

**Password:** the corresponding valid password provided by your ISP.

**Knowledge Extension:** Point-to-Point Protocol over Ethernet (PPPoE) is a virtual private and secure connection between two systems that enables encapsulated data transport. It relies on two widely accepted standards: PPP and Ethernet. It connects users through an Ethernet to the Internet with a common broadband medium, such as wireless device or cable modem. All the users over the Ethernet can share a common connection.

### 4.3.3 Static IP

If your ISP provides a static IP to access Internet, please finish the below parameter settings.

**Internet Setup**

DHCP User (FTTH, Optic LAN, Cable Modem, VDSL, LAN, IP ADSL)  
 PPPoE User(ADSL)  
 **Static IP User**

WAN IP	10	.	1	.	1	.	10
Subnet Mask	255	.	255	.	255	.	0
Default Gateway	10	.	1	.	1	.	1
Primary DNS	12	.	12	.	13	.	14
Secondary DNS		.		.		.	
<input type="checkbox"/> MTU	1500						
<input type="checkbox"/> MAC Address Clone	[ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ]						

**WAN IP:** the IP address provided by your ISP.

**Subnet Mask:** This is used to define the device IP classification for the chosen IP address range. 255.255.255.0 is a typical net mask value for Class C networks. Generally it is provided by your ISP.

**Default Gateway:** This is the IP address of the host router that resides on the external network and provides the point of connection to the next hop towards the Internet. This can be a DSL modem, Cable modem, or a WISP gateway router. The router will direct all the packets to the gateway if the destination host is not within the local network.

**Primary DNS:** Domain Name System. Every Internet host must have a unique IP address, also they may have a human-friendly, easy to remember name such as [www.yahoo.com](http://www.yahoo.com). The DNS server converts the user-friendly name into its equivalent IP address. This is provided by your ISP.

After you finish the blank that required, you could click **Apply** to make all the settings work.

### 4.4 Wireless Setup (2.4GHz)

This page is used to configure basic wireless parameters and encryption methods.

**2.4GHz Wireless Setup**

Operation  Start  Stop

SSID  Mode

Region

Channel

Operation mode SSID Broadcast  ON  OFF  
WMM  ON  OFF

Authentication

Encryption  Disable  WEP64  WEP128  TKIP  AES  TKIP/AES

**Operation:** choose Start to enable your 2.4G wireless network to access Internet wirelessly.

**SSID:** This is your wireless network name. If you want to access Internet wirelessly, search for this SSID and connect to it. You can define it as you like.

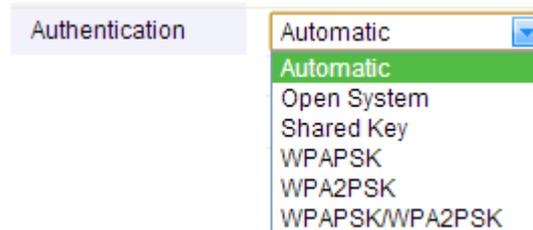
**Mode:** Generally, it is B, G, N selected. Keep the default value.

**Region:** Area where you are using the wireless router.

**Channel:** Choose the best wireless channel by clicking **Channel Search**. By default, it is the best channel.

**SSID Broadcast:** This option is used to hide your SSID.

**Authentication:** You can choose one encryption method for your wireless network.

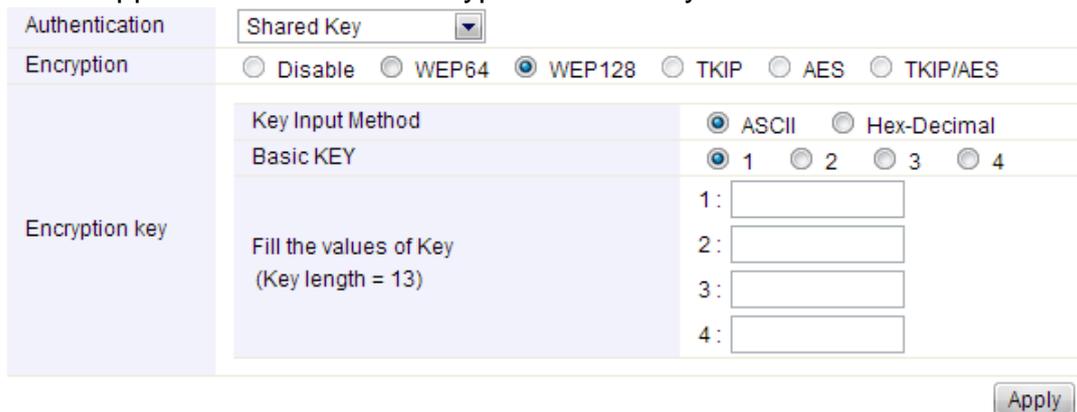


Authentication: Automatic

- Automatic
- Open System
- Shared Key
- WPAPSK
- WPA2PSK
- WPAPSK/WPA2PSK

#### 4.4.1 Shared Key (WEP)

WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) is based on the IEEE 802.11 standard and uses the RC4 encryption algorithm. Enabling WEP allows you to increase security by encryption data being transferred over your wireless network. WEP is the oldest security algorithm, and there are few applications that can decrypt the WEP key in less than 10 minutes.



Authentication: Shared Key

Encryption:  Disable  WEP64  WEP128  TKIP  AES  TKIP/AES

Key Input Method:  ASCII  Hex-Decimal

Basic KEY:  1  2  3  4

Encryption key: Fill the values of Key (Key length = 13)

1:

2:

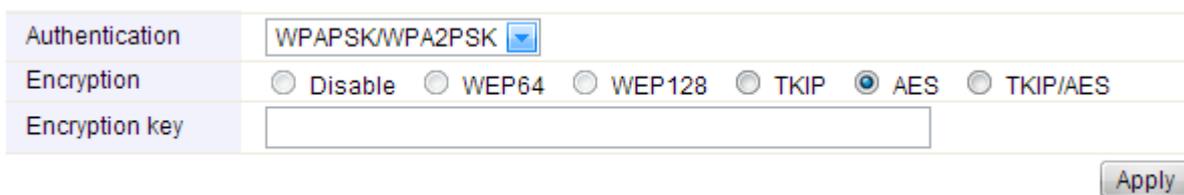
3:

4:

Apply

#### 4.4.2 WPA-PSK/WPA2-PSK (Recommended)

Wi-Fi Protected Access (WPA) is the most dominating security mechanism in industry. It is separated into two categories: WPA-personal or called WPA Pre-Share Key (WPA/PSK), and WPA-Enterprise or called WPA/802.1x. WPA2 means Wi-Fi Protected Access 2, it is the current most secure method of wireless security and required for 802.11n performance. Please set one Encryption key (password) for your wireless network to prevent being occupied by others.



Authentication: WPAPSK/WPA2PSK

Encryption:  Disable  WEP64  WEP128  TKIP  AES  TKIP/AES

Encryption key:

Apply

## 4.5 Wireless Setup (5GHz)

This setting is similar to 2.4GHz, but the Mode and Channel are different. You can just keep the default settings.

5GHz Wireless Setup	
Operation	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Start <input type="radio"/> Stop
SSID	Nowsonic Stage Router 5G Mode 5GHz-11N
Region	Europe
Channel	149 [ 5.745 GHz,Lower ] Channel Search
Operation mode	SSID Broadcast <input checked="" type="radio"/> ON <input type="radio"/> OFF WMM <input checked="" type="radio"/> ON <input type="radio"/> OFF
Authentication	Automatic
Encryption	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> WEP64 <input type="radio"/> WEP128 <input type="radio"/> TKIP <input type="radio"/> AES <input type="radio"/> TKIP/AES
<input type="button" value="Apply"/>	

## 4.6 Firmware Upgrade

Click **Firmware Upgrade**, you will see firmware upgrade webpage as below.

Firmware Upgrade	
Firmware Version	8.46
Build Date	Wed Jan 16 18:14:53 KST 2013
To upgrade manually 1. Download a firmware . 2. Click [Browse] and choose a downloaded firmware 3. Click [Upgrade] button.	
<input type="button" value="Choose File"/> No file chosen	<input type="button" value="Upgrade"/>
<b>Note.</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• Internet will be unavailable for upgrading firmware.</li><li>• Power down for updating firmware can be the cause of system halt.</li></ul>	

This page allows you to upgrade the wireless router firmware to the latest version. Please NOTE, do not power off the device during the uploading process because it may cause damage to your system.

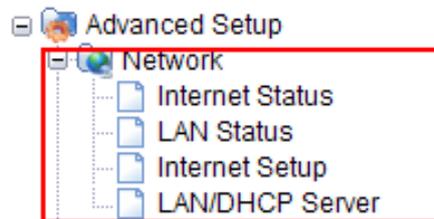
After finishing the settings above, you'd better restart your computer and the Router to connect to Internet successfully. Then you can enjoy the high-speed and high-stability Internet through this Router.

# 5. ADVANCED SETUP

The Advanced Setup includes Network, Wireless, NAT/Routing, Firewall, Utility, Traffic and System. Most of these settings are only for more technically advanced users who have sufficient knowledge about wireless LAN. Also they should not be changed unless you know what effect the changes will have on your Wireless Router.

## 5.1 Network

Click the plus sign beside **Network** menu to show up all Network parameters you could set up.



### 5.1.1 Internet Status

This page shows the WAN Status of this Router

Internet Status	
Connection Status	WAN port is disconnected
Connection Type	Static IP
WAN IP	10.1.1.10
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0
Default Gateway	10.1.1.1
Primary DNS	12.12.13.14
Secondary DNS	
MAC Address	78-44-76-96-34-A1

### 5.1.2 LAN Status

This page shows you LAN Status of your Router.

LAN Status		
<b>LAN Configuration</b>		
LAN IP	192.168.1.1	
Subnet Mask	255.255.255.0	
MAC Address	78-44-76-96-34-A0	
DHCP IP Pool	192.168.1.2 ~ 192.168.1.254	
# of allocated IP	4	
<b>Allocated IP list</b>		
IP	MAC Address	IP info.
1 192.168.1.5(SN-201203131531)	50-E5-49-BB-44-96	Wired : Dynamic

### 5.1.3 Internet Setup

We have discussed this setting on **Internet Setup**. You can also reconfigure the parameters on this page.

**Internet Setup**

DHCP User (FTTH, Optic LAN, Cable Modem, VDSL, LAN, IP ADSL)  
 PPPoE User(ADSL)  
 Static IP User

WAN IP	10	1	1	10
Subnet Mask	255	255	255	0
Default Gateway	10	1	1	1
Primary DNS	12	12	13	14
Secondary DNS				

MTU: 1500

MAC Address Clone: Search MAC address

Apply

### 5.1.4 LAN/DHCP Server

Click **LAN/DHCP Server**, you will enter the page that allows you configure the LAN port and DHCP Server.

**LAN/DHCP Server**

**LAN IP Setup**

LAN IP	192	168	1	1
Subnet Mask	255	255	255	0

LAN Gateway  
 LAN DNS

Apply & Restart

**DHCP Server Setup**

DHCP Server:  Start  Stop    DNS Suffix: \_\_\_\_\_

DHCP IP Pool: 192 . 168 . 1 . 2 ~ 192 . 168 . 1 . 254

Lease Time: 7200 Sec

DHCP server protection  
 Enable internet access only for PCs allocated by DHCP Server

Apply

**DHCP Static Lease Setup**

Block MAC address on the list with wrong IP address  
 Block MAC address not on the list

Apply

Del	Static Lease(IP/MAC Address)	Add	IP/MAC Address in local network
<input type="checkbox"/>		<input type="checkbox"/>	192 . 168 . 1 . /

**IP Address:** This is the IP address to be represented by the LAN (including WLAN)

interface that is connected to the internal network. This IP will be used for the routing of the internal network (it will be the Gateway IP for all the devices connected on the internal network).

**Subnet Mask:** This is used to define the device IP classification for the chosen IP address range. 255.255.255.0 is a typical netmask value for Class C networks which support IP address range from 192.0.0.x to 223.255.255.x. Class C network netmask uses 24 bits to identify the network and 8 bits to identify the host.

***Note:** If the IP address changed, you can log into the WEB configuration interface only using the new IP address.*

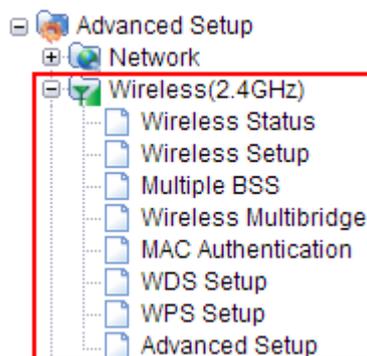
**DHCP Server:** you can choose to start or stop DHCP.

**DHCP IP Pool:** it is the IP range that the DHCP server will assign to every PC connected with the router.

**Lease Time:** the IP addresses given out by the DHCP server will only be valid for the duration specified by the lease time. Increasing the time ensure client operation without interrupt, but could introduce potential conflicts. Lowering the lease time will avoid potential address conflicts, but might cause more slight interruptions to the client while it will acquire new IP addresses from the DHCP server. The time is expressed in seconds.

## 5.2 Wireless (2.4GHz)

Next, you can set up the Wireless parameters. Click the plus sign beside **Wireless (2.4G)** menu to open up all wireless parameters, see below figure:



### 5.2.1 Wireless Status

This page shows you the current wireless status of the router.

## 2.4GHz Wireless Status

### Wireless Configuration

Status	AP Mode - Running
SSID(Network Name)	Nowsonic Stage Router
Mode	B,G,N
Region	Europe
Channel	Channel 11 ( 2.462 GHz,Upper,40 MHz )
SSID broadcasting	Running
Authentication	Automatic
Encryption	Disable
MAC Authentication	Accept All
Wireless MAC Address	78-44-76-96-34-A4

### Wireless Station Status

MAC Address	Wireless Network	Receive sensitivity	Association Time
-------------	------------------	---------------------	------------------

## 5.2.2 Wireless Setup

Click **Wireless Setup**, you will be able to configure the basic wireless function. We have discussed this setting on **Wireless Setup (2.4GHz)**.

## 2.4GHz Wireless Setup

Operation	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Start <input type="radio"/> Stop		
SSID	<input type="text" value="Nowsonic Stage Router"/>	Mode	<input type="text" value="B,G,N"/>
Region	<input type="text" value="Europe"/>		
Channel	<input type="text" value="11 [ 2.462 GHz,Upper ]"/>	<input type="button" value="Channel Search"/>	
Operation mode	SSID Broadcast <input checked="" type="radio"/> ON <input type="radio"/> OFF WMM <input checked="" type="radio"/> ON <input type="radio"/> OFF		
Authentication	<input type="text" value="Automatic"/>		
Encryption	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> WEP64 <input type="radio"/> WEP128 <input type="radio"/> TKIP <input type="radio"/> AES <input type="radio"/> TKIP/AES		
<input type="button" value="Apply"/>			

## 5.2.3 Multiple BSS

This page is used to create multiple SSID for different LANs.

2.4GHz Multiple BSS	
SSID	<input type="text"/>
Access Policy	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Allow all <input type="radio"/> Only for Internet <input type="radio"/> Only for LAN
SSID Broadcast	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ON <input type="radio"/> OFF
WMM	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ON <input type="radio"/> OFF
Authentication	Automatic <input type="button" value="v"/>
Encryption	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> WEP64 <input type="radio"/> WEP128 <input type="radio"/> TKIP <input type="radio"/> AES <input type="radio"/> TKIP/AES
Max number of wireless network is 3 <input type="button" value="Add"/>	
<input type="button" value="Cancel"/>	
Wireless network information	
<input type="button" value="Run"/> <input type="button" value="Del"/>	
	<b>Nowsonic Stage Router</b> Running Basic Wireless Network (Automatic - Disable - WMM) Allow all

**SSID:** define the SSID by yourself.

**Access Policy:** setup the access policy as you want.

**SSID Broadcast:** choose to hide or broadcast your SSID.

**WMM:** it is an abbreviation of Wi-Fi Multimedia. It defines the priority levels for four access categories derived from 802.1d (prioritization tabs). The categories are designed with specific types of traffic, voice, video, best effort and low priority data.

**Encryption:** you can choose the encryption method for WMM. Please refer to **Wireless Setup (2.4G)**.

## 5.2.4 Wireless Multibridge

This page is used to setup the bridge and repeater functions.

2.4GHz Wireless Multibridge	
Operation	<input type="radio"/> Start <input checked="" type="radio"/> Stop
Wireless Mode	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Use Wireless Bridge <input type="radio"/> Use Wireless WAN
Bridge(Station) MAC Address	78:44:76:96:34:A4
Wireless Status	Stopped
SSID	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Search AP"/>
Channel	11 [2.462 GHz,Upper] <input type="button" value="v"/>
Authentication	Open System <input type="button" value="v"/>
Encryption	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Disable <input type="radio"/> WEP64 <input type="radio"/> WEP128 <input type="radio"/> TKIP <input type="radio"/> AES
<input type="button" value="Apply"/>	

**Wireless Bridge:** In this mode, the router is used as an AP to get other router's signal.

**Wireless WAN:** The same function as **Wireless Bridge**, but the only setting difference is that Wireless WAN need not to stop the DHCP Server.

**SSID:** Click **Search AP**; choose the SSID of your Primary Router.

**Authentication:** Please refer to **Wireless Setup (2.4G)**.

**Note:** Both these two repeater methods can help you to expand the wireless coverage and allow more terminals to access Internet. But since Wireless WAN need not stop DHCP Server, all PCs' IP Addresses are assigned by the Secondary Router itself. So this method allows more PCs to access Internet than Wireless Bridge. In Wireless Bridge mode, the PCs' permissions to access Internet are decided by Primary Router which can make users to manage the LAN more easily.

## 5.2.5 MAC Authentication

You can control the PC to connect the wireless Router through MAC authentication.

### 2.4GHz MAC Authentication

Select wireless network: Nowsonic Stage Router

Accept All  
 Accept MAC address registered  
 Reject MAC address registered

---

Registered MAC address list

MAC Address	Description
<input type="checkbox"/> [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ] - [ ]	
<input type="checkbox"/> 88-30-8A-54-98-DE	
<input type="checkbox"/> C4-6A-B7-B7-F6-C1	
<input type="checkbox"/> 98-0C-82-15-18-6D	
<input type="checkbox"/> 20-02-AF-20-34-D8	
<input type="checkbox"/> 68-A3-C4-EF-58-8B	
<input type="checkbox"/> E8-99-C4-52-C6-AB	
<input type="checkbox"/> 78-92-9C-4A-70-1C	
<input type="checkbox"/> 68-94-23-8B-A9-AC	
<input type="checkbox"/> 00-24-2C-E7-FC-4B	
<input type="checkbox"/> C4-6A-B7-EE-35-82	
<input type="checkbox"/> 00-0C-43-35-72-00	
<input type="checkbox"/> A0-0B-BA-CC-D6-D3	

The maximum number of registered MAC Addresses is 128.

## 5.2.6 WDS Setup

WDS means Wireless Distribution System. It is a protocol for connecting two access points wirelessly. Usually, it can be used for the following application:

1. Provide bridge traffic between two LANs though the air.
2. Extend the coverage range of a WLAN.

To meet the above requirement, you must set these APs in the same channel and set MAC address of other APs which you want to communicate with in the table and then enable the WDS.

2.4GHz WDS Setup	
AP's BSSID	Description
<input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Search AP"/>	<input type="text"/>
Max number of AP is 4. <input type="button" value="Add"/>	
AP's BSSID	Description
	<input type="button" value="Del"/>

## 5.2.7 WPS Setup

**WPS** (Wi-Fi Protected Setup) provides easy procedure to make network connection between wireless station and wireless access point with the encryption of WPA and WPA2. It is enabled by default.

2.4GHz WPS Setup	
<b>WPS Setup</b>	
WPS Activation	<input checked="" type="radio"/> ON <input type="radio"/> OFF
WPS Config	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Use predefined config <input type="radio"/> Use auto-generated SSID & Key
WPS Status	Configured by current setting
LG Smart TV WPS	<input checked="" type="radio"/> OFF <input type="radio"/> ON
<input type="button" value="WPS Configuration Init"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/>	
<b>Connect WPS</b>	
<input type="button" value="Connect WPS"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/> PBC Button <input type="radio"/> Pin Connect    LAN Card PIN <input type="text"/>

## 5.2.8 Advanced Setup

Advanced Setup is for advanced parameter settings. For common users, please just keep the default configuration.

2.4GHz Advanced Setup	
The following functions are settings for wireless expert.	
Channel Bandwidth	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 20/40 MHz <input type="radio"/> 20 MHz Channel bonding option according to 802.11n Draft.
Tx Power	<input type="text" value="100"/> % ( 1 ~ 100 ) The wireless coverage is adjusted by increasing or decreasing the Tx Power. The range of value is 1 ~ 100. The higher power means the longer wireless coverage
Tx Burst	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Start <input type="radio"/> Stop Tx Burst may increase the performance. But, in the environment of many simultaneous wireless connections, Disabling this feature can be better solution.
Preamble Length	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Long Preamble <input type="radio"/> Short Preamble Short Preamble may increase the performance slightly. But for compatibility with old 802.11 lan card, use Long Preamble.
RTS Threshold	<input type="text" value="2347"/> bytes The frames which have more length than RTS threshold are transmitted using RTS/CTS method The less RTS threshold make wireless communication be more stable, but have less maximum throughput. The valid range is 1 ~ 2347.
Fragmentation Threshold	<input type="text" value="2346"/> bytes The frames which have more length than fragmentation threshold are transmitted after fragmented with setting value The less Fragmentation Threshold may make wireless communication more stable, but have less maximum throughput. The valid range is 256 ~ 2346.
Beacon Period	<input type="text" value="100"/> ms Normally use 100ms The range should be from 50ms to 1024ms.
<input type="button" value="Initial Values"/> <input type="button" value="Apply"/>	

**Channel Bandwidth:** this is the spectral width of the radio channel. Supported wireless channel spectrum widths:

**20MHz** is the standard channel spectrum width.

**40MHz** is the channel spectrum with the width of 40MHz (selected by default).

**TX Power:** please refer to the description on the page.

**TX Burst:** Please just keep the default.

**Preamble Length:** this option is to define the length of the sync field in an 802.11 packet. Most modern wireless network uses shot preamble with 56 bit sync filed instead of long preamble with 128 bit sync filed. However, some original 11b wireless network devices only support long preamble.

**RTS Threshold:** determines the packet size of a transmission and, through the use of an access point, helps control traffic flow. The range is 0-2347 bytes. The default value is 2347, which means that RTS is disabled.

**RTS/CTS** (Request to Send / Clear to send) are the mechanism used by the 802.11 wireless networking protocols to reduce frame collisions introduced by the hidden terminal problem. RTS/CTS packet size threshold is 0-2347 bytes. If the packet size the node wants to transmit is larger than the threshold, the RTS/CTS handshake gets triggered. If the packet size is equal to or less than threshold the data frame gets sent immediately.

System uses Request to Send/Clear to send frames for the handshake that provide collision reduction for an access point with hidden stations. The stations are sending a RTS frame first while data is sent only after a handshake with an AP is completed.

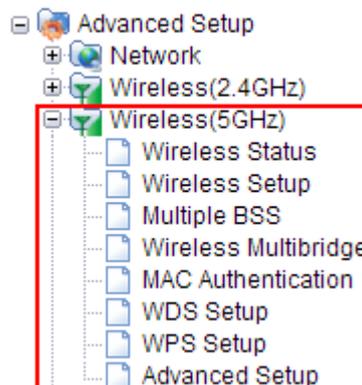
Stations respond with the CTS frame to the RTS, which provide clear media for the requesting station to send the data. CTS collision control management has a time interval defined during which all the other stations hold off the transmission and wait until the requesting station will finish transmission.

**Fragment Threshold:** specifies the maximum size for a packet before data is fragmented into multiple packets. The range is 256-2346 bytes. Setting the Fragment Threshold too low may result in poor network performance. The use of fragment can increase the reliability of frame transmissions. Because of sending smaller frames, collisions are much less likely to occur. However, lower values of the Fragment Threshold will result in lower throughput as well. Minor or no modifications of the Fragmentation Threshold value is recommended while default setting of 2346 is optimum in most of the wireless network use cases.

**Beacon Period:** By default, it is set to 100ms. Higher Beacon interval will improve the device's wireless performance and is also power-saving for client side. If this value set lower than 100ms, it will speed up the wireless client connection.

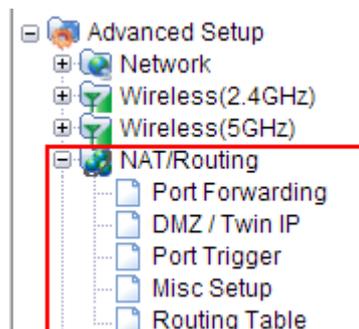
### 5.3 Wireless (5GHz)

Wireless (5GHz) is provided to enable users to establish 5G wireless channel connection, which can provide high performance for HD video streaming and online gaming. All the parameter settings please refer to **Wireless (2.4GHz)**.



### 5.4 NAT/ Routing

Click the plus sign beside **NAT/Routing** menu to open up all the parameters contained, see below:



## 5.4.1 Port Forwarding

On this page, you can redirect common network services automatically to a specific device behind the NAT firewall. This setting is only necessary when you want to host some sort of servers like a Web server or mail server on the private local network behind your Gateway's NAT firewall.

Port Forwarding

Rule Type: User Defined (dropdown) Rule Name: [ ]

LAN IP: 192 . 168 . 1 . [ ]  
 Set connected PC's IP address(192.168.1.5)

Protocol: TCP (dropdown) External Port: [ ] ~ [ ] Internal Port: [ ] ~ [ ]

Max number of rule is 60. [Add] [Cancel]

The lower number, the higher priority.  
To modify a rule, click the name of rule.

Run	Rule Name	Forwarding IP	Proto	External Port	Internal Port	Del
<input type="checkbox"/>						<input type="checkbox"/>

**LAN IP:** You can set the IP Address that you defined the rule for.

**Protocol:** Choose which particular protocol type should be forwarding. Here you can choose UDP/TCP.

**External Port:** Set the WAN range.

**Internal Port:** Set the LAN range.

## 5.4.2 DMZ / Twin IP

The DMZ (Demilitarized Zone) host feature allows one local host to be exposed to the Internet for a special-purpose service such as Online Game and video conferencing. DMZ host forwards all the ports at the same time. Any PCs whose port is being forwarded must have its DHCP client function disabled and should have a new static IP Address assigned to it, because its IP Address may be changed when using the DHCP function.

DMZ / Twin IP

OFF  
 DMZ (All connections from internet will be forwarded to DMZ PC)  
 Twin IP (The TwinIP PC will have a public IP address.)

LAN IP: 192 . 168 . 1 . 2  
 Set connected PC's IP address(192.168.1.5)

[Apply]

## 5.4.3 Port Trigger

You can achieve some special purposes by this setting.

Port Trigger		
Rule Name	<input type="text"/>	
Port Trigger	Protocol	TCP <input type="button" value="v"/>
	Port Range	<input type="text"/> ~ <input type="text"/>
Port Forward	Protocol	TCP <input type="button" value="v"/>
	Port Range	<input type="text"/>
Max number of rule is 10. <input type="button" value="Add"/>		
Rule Name	Trigger Condition	Forward Condition <input type="button" value="Del"/>

### 5.4.4 Misc Setup

Misc setup provides FTP Private Port, Multicast Forward and NAT on/off setup.

Misc Setup	
FTP Private Port	Port <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Add"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="checkbox"/> <input type="button" value="Del"/> <input type="text" value="0"/> <input type="text" value="0"/> <input type="text" value="0"/> <input type="text" value="0"/> <input type="text" value="0"/>
Multicast Forward(IGMP)	<input type="radio"/> Start <input checked="" type="radio"/> Stop To receive/send a Multicast data <input type="button" value="Apply"/>
	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Start <input type="radio"/> Stop <input type="button" value="Apply &amp; Restart"/> If NAT is stopped, this router will act as just pure router.
PPPoE Relay	<input type="radio"/> Start <input checked="" type="radio"/> Stop <input type="button" value="Apply"/> Enable PPPoE Relay for LAN interface

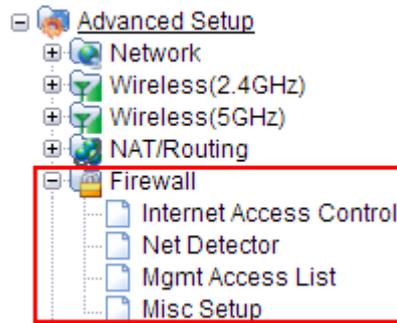
### 5.4.5 Routing Table

You can add or delete the static routing rules here.

Routing Table			
Type	Target	Mask	Gateway
Net <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/> . <input type="text"/>
Max number of routing table is 20 <input type="button" value="Add"/>			
Type	Target	Mask	Gateway <input type="button" value="Del"/>

## 5.5 Firewall

Click the plus sign beside **Firewall** menu to show up all the parameters contained, see below:



### 5.5.1 Internet Access Control

Internet Access Control provides multiple security protection. It can achieve MAC/Port/IP filtering, Internet access time control and other functions that enable user to control Internet access.

Internet Access Control

Input Type	Basic Setup <span style="float: right;">▼</span>	Rule Name	<input style="width: 80%;" type="text"/>
Source IP Address	<input checked="" type="radio"/> 192 . 168 . 1 . <input style="width: 40px;" type="text"/> ~ 192 . 168 . 1 . <input style="width: 40px;" type="text"/>	<input type="checkbox"/> ALL IP	
Source MAC Address	<input type="radio"/> <input style="width: 20px;" type="text"/> - <input style="width: 20px;" type="text"/>		
Accept/Drop	Drop <span style="float: right;">▼</span>	Priority	<input style="width: 40px;" type="text" value="0"/>
<input type="checkbox"/> Rule Scheduling			
Max number of setting is 200.			<input type="button" value="Add"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>

The lower number, the higher priority.  
To modify a rule, click the name of rule.

<input type="button" value="Run"/>	Rule Name	Schedule	Filtering Rule	Accept/Drop	<input type="button" value="Del"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>					<input type="checkbox"/>

### 5.5.2 Net Detector

Net Detector provides some basic virus protection function that allows user to have a safer network communication.

**Net Detector**

**Net Detector Setup**

Operation	<input type="radio"/> Start <input checked="" type="radio"/> Stop
Detection Port	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Well-known Worm Virus Ports <input type="radio"/> All Ports
Detection Level	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Mid <input type="radio"/> 0 connections/sec
Burst Drop	<input type="radio"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Only drop worm virus port
E-mail Policy	Please, set the email address of administrator & SMTP mail server.

---

**Net Detector Log**

Detection Time	IP	Protocol	Frequency	Comment [Red:User Warning OFF]
----------------	----	----------	-----------	-----------------------------------

### 5.5.3 Mgmt Access List

**Mgmt Access List**

<p><b>Remote Accesslist</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Remote Mgmt port # <input type="text" value="0"/></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Use Remote Accesslist <input type="button" value="Apply"/></p> <p>IP allowed <input type="text" value="."/> <input type="text" value="."/> <input type="text" value="."/> <input type="text" value="."/></p> <p>Description <input type="text" value=""/> <input type="button" value="Add"/></p> <p>Max number of IP is 10</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>IP</th> <th>Description</th> <th>Del</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	IP	Description	Del			<input type="checkbox"/>	<p><b>Internal Accesslist</b></p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Use Internal Accesslist <input type="button" value="Apply"/></p> <p>IP allowed <input type="text" value="192"/> <input type="text" value="."/> <input type="text" value="168"/> <input type="text" value="."/> <input type="text" value="1"/> <input type="text" value="."/></p> <p>Description <input type="text" value=""/> <input type="button" value="Add"/></p> <p>Max number of IP is 10</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>IP</th> <th>Description</th> <th>Del</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> </td> <td> </td> <td><input type="checkbox"/></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	IP	Description	Del			<input type="checkbox"/>
IP	Description	Del											
		<input type="checkbox"/>											
IP	Description	Del											
		<input type="checkbox"/>											

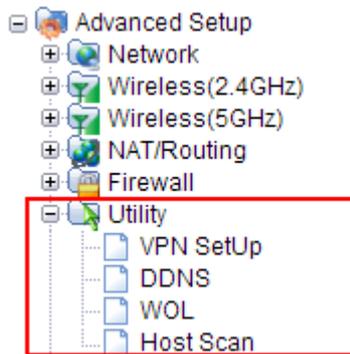
### 5.5.4 Misc Setup

**Misc Setup:** Generally maintain the default.

Misc Setup	
SYN Flood	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Start <input type="radio"/> Stop The SYN flood is a form of denial-of-service attack in which an attacker sends a succession of SYN requests to a target's system.
Smurf	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Start <input type="radio"/> Stop The smurf attack, named after its exploit program, is a denial-of-service attack that uses spoofed broadcast ping messages to flood a target system.
IP source routing	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Start <input type="radio"/> Stop The source routing allows a sender of a packet to specify the route the packet takes through the network, so if cracker can generate a source routing packet then cracker can deceive a target host as a trusted host.
IP Spoofing	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Start <input type="radio"/> Stop The IP address spoofing is the creation of IP packets with a forged (spoofed) source IP address with the purpose to conceal the identity of the sender or impersonating another computing system.
ARP Virus Protection	<input type="radio"/> Start <input checked="" type="radio"/> Stop Send <input type="text" value="10"/> ARP packets per 1 second to <input type="text" value="Wired Network"/> ARP Virus Protection prevents from ARP snoofing attack
Blocking ICMP(ping) from internet	<input type="radio"/> Start <input checked="" type="radio"/> Stop
Blocking ICMP(ping) from LAN to internet	<input type="radio"/> Start <input checked="" type="radio"/> Stop

## 5.6 Utility

Click the plus sign beside **Utility** menu to open up all the parameters contained, please see below:



### 5.6.1 VPN Setup

The wireless router provides PPTP protocol VPN connection, and it supports 5 VPN users at most. Please enter the account information to connect the VPN server.

VPN SetUp

---

**VPN(PPTP) Setup**

Mode	<input type="radio"/> Start <input checked="" type="radio"/> Stop
Encryption(MPPE)	<input checked="" type="radio"/> MPPE encryption <input type="radio"/> No encryption

---

**VPN(PPTP) Account**

VPN Account	<input style="width: 80%;" type="text"/>
VPN Password	<input style="width: 80%;" type="password"/>
Assigned IP	<input style="width: 40px;" type="text" value="192"/> <input style="width: 40px;" type="text" value="."/> <input style="width: 40px;" type="text" value="168"/> <input style="width: 40px;" type="text" value="."/> <input style="width: 40px;" type="text" value="1"/> <input style="width: 40px;" type="text" value="."/> <input style="width: 40px;" type="text"/>

Maximum number of VPN User is 5.

---

VPN Account	Assigned IP	Status	<input type="button" value="Disconnect"/>	<input type="button" value="Del"/>
-------------	-------------	--------	---	------------------------------------

## VPN (PPTP) Setup

**Mode:** Start

**Encryption (MPPE):** MPPE encryption

Click **Apply** (this is very important, if you don't click **Apply**, the settings below will not work).

## VPN (PPTP) Account

**VPN Account:** This is set by you.

**VPN Password:** set by you

**Assigned IP:** This should be in the same network with your LAN IP.

Click **Add**. You can create at most 5 VPN accounts by this router. After setup, you need to provide the VPN Account, Password and your WAN IP address to anyone that needs them. The VPN Client should follow right steps to make a successful VPN connection.

## 5.6.2 DDNS

DDNS (Dynamic Domain Name Server) is to achieve a fixed domain name to dynamic IP resolution. For dynamic IP address users, if there is any Internet access to their IP address, they need to show a fixed domain name to them. So their IP address will be sent to the DDNS service provider from the dynamic analysis server (3322, dyndns.org) and to update the DNS database. Then DDNS will bind the dynamic IP address to a fixed domain name. When other users on the Internet want to access this domain name, the dynamic DNS server will return the correct IP address. In this way, most users do not need to use fixed IP and can also name the fixed network system.

DDNS				
DDNS Service Provider	DynDns - www.dyndns.org			
Host Name	<input type="text"/>			
User ID	<input type="text"/>			
Password	<input type="text"/>			
<input type="button" value="Add"/>				
Host Name	DDNS Status	<input type="button" value="Refresh"/>	<input type="button" value="Update"/>	<input type="button" value="Del"/>

In order to set up DDNS, please follow the below steps:

1. Choose your service provider.
2. Type in User Name for your DDNS account.
3. Type in Password for your DDNS account.
4. Host Name-the domain names are displayed here. Click **Add** to apply the modification.

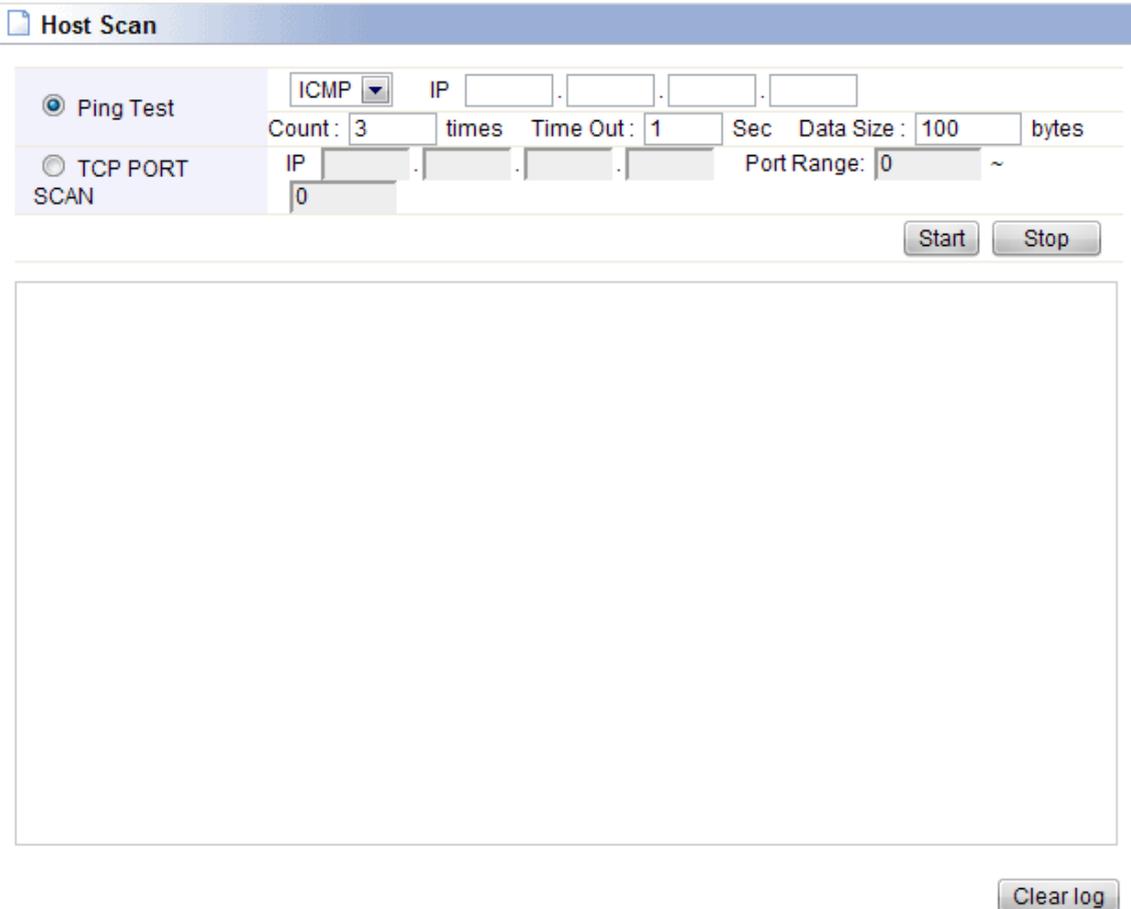
### 5.6.3 WOL

Users can use this Wake On Line function to start the PC remotely.

WOL			
MAC Address	<input type="checkbox"/> Set connected PC's MAC address <input type="text"/> - <input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="Search MAC address"/>		
PC Name	<input type="text"/>		
Max number of setting is 100. <input type="button" value="Add"/>			
MAC Address	PC Name	<input type="button" value="Wake Up"/>	<input type="button" value="Del"/>

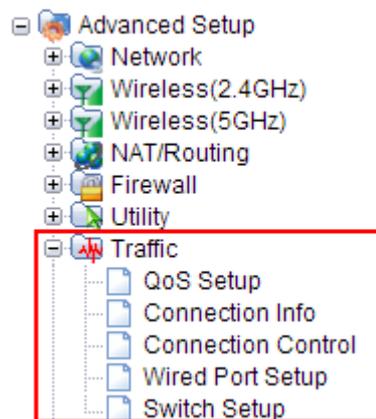
### 5.6.4 Host Scan

It allows user to view the working status of the PC, including status of ICMP, ARP package sending and receiving and TCP port communication information.



## 5.7 Traffic

Click the plus sign beside the Traffic menu to show up all the parameters contained, see below:



### 5.7.1 QoS Setup

This page is used to control the wireless speed of connected PC.

**QoS Setup**

**QoS Basic Setup**

Operation  Start  Stop

Internet Type

Download  Kbps Upload  Kbps

Not allow to use a radix point. ex) 2.5Mbps -> 2500Kbps

**QoS Rule Setup**

Smart QoS

User defined Rule  Predefined Rule

Mode  Download  Kbps Upload  Kbps

IP   .  .  .  ~  .  .  .

Bandwidth Per IP (BPI)

Twin IP

Protocol  External Port  ~

Max number of rule is 127.

The lower number, the higher priority.  
Priority of 'Min. Guarantee' mode is higher than priority of 'Max. Limit' mode

Max. Limit  Min. Guarantee

IP	Condition	Mode	Download	Upload	<input type="button" value="Del"/>
					<input type="checkbox"/>

**Operation:** You can choose to Start or Stop this function on your Router.

**Internet Type:** Any Internet type you want to control bandwidth.

**Download/Upload:** Set the bandwidth range of the Router.

### QoS Rule Setup

**Smart QoS:** You can choose to use Smart QoS for convenient. If you select this option, you don't need to do the below settings.

**Mode:** You could select minimum bandwidth or maximum bandwidth.

**IP:** You should type in the IP addresses range of PC in LAN.

**Protocol:** Any Protocol you want to control bandwidth.

**External Port:** You need to enter the range of external ports that you want to control bandwidth..

## 5.7.2 Connection Info

This page indicates the present connection information of the Wireless Router using graphics and data including data package sending and receiving status of each PC in connection.

## Connection Info

TCP UDP ICMP Unknown

### Total Connection Info

Current/Max (1 / 8192)					Rx Packets	Rx Bytes
					Tx Packets	Tx Bytes
0	2	10	50	100%	0	0 B
<input type="text" value="0.01% (1)"/>					8	2.7 KB

### Connection Info per IP

IP	Connection Info	Rx Packets	Rx Bytes
		Tx Packets	Tx Bytes
192.168.1.1	<input type="text" value="0.01% (1)"/> <input type="button" value="Del"/>	0	0 B
		8	2.7 KB

## 5.7.3 Connection Control

Connection Control shows the Max connection, Max UDP connection, Max ICMP connection and Max connection of each PC. These settings are only for advanced users, common users are not recommended to change them.

### Connection Control

Max connection	<input type="text" value="8192"/>	( 0 : No limit, 512 ~ )
Max UDP connection	<input type="text" value="4096"/>	( 0 : No limit, 10 ~ Max connection )
Max ICMP connection	<input type="text" value="1024"/>	( 0 : No limit, 1 ~ Max connection )
Max connection rate per 1 PC	<input type="text" value="0"/>	% ( 0 : No limit, 1 ~ 100 )

\* Warning.

1. This page is only for network expert.
2. Max connection rate per 1 PC option works only when internal network is C class.

### Control Connection Timeout

TCP SYN SENT TIMEOUT	<input type="text" value="20"/> Sec	TCP SYN RECV TIMEOUT	<input type="text" value="60"/> Sec
TCP ESTABLISHED TIMEOUT	<input type="text" value="86400"/> Sec	TCP FIN WAIT TIMEOUT	<input type="text" value="120"/> Sec
TCP CLOSE WAIT TIMEOUT	<input type="text" value="60"/> Sec	TCP LAST ACK TIMEOUT	<input type="text" value="30"/> Sec
TCP TIME WAIT TIMEOUT	<input type="text" value="10"/> Sec	TCP CLOSE TIMEOUT	<input type="text" value="10"/> Sec
UDP TIMEOUT	<input type="text" value="30"/> Sec	UDP STREAM TIMEOUT	<input type="text" value="180"/> Sec
ICMP TIMEOUT	<input type="text" value="30"/> Sec	GENERIC TIMEOUT	<input type="text" value="600"/> Sec

## 5.7.4 Wired Port Setup

This page shows the connection status of the PC connected with your router by cables.

## Wired Port Setup

### Wired Port Link Status

Port	WAN	1	2	3	4
Link	Off	Off	On	Off	Off
Speed	--	--	100	--	--
Duplex	--	--	Full	--	--

### Wired Port Link Setup

Port	Mode	Speed	Duplex	
WAN	Auto	100Mbps	FULL	Apply
1	Auto	100Mbps	FULL	Apply
2	Auto	100Mbps	FULL	Apply
3	Auto	100Mbps	FULL	Apply
4	Auto mode only			

## 5.7.5 Switch Setup

This page is used to specify the LAN port data transmission.

### Switch Setup

#### Port Mirror

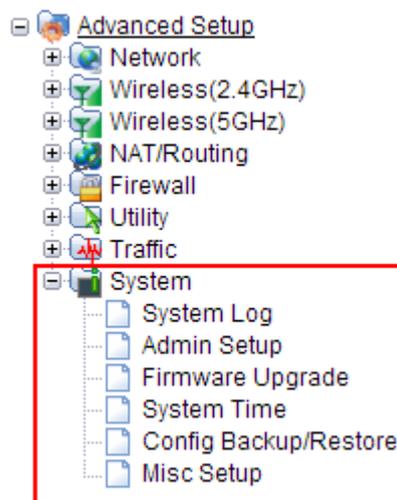
All packets via LAN Port 1 transmit to LAN Port 1

Port receiving a packet is NOT used as a normal port.

Apply

## 5.8 System

Click the plus sign beside the System menu to open up all the parameters contained, please see below:



## 5.8.1 System Log

System Log shows the working status of the wireless router, user can check the running status information here:

System Log

---

**System Log Setup**

---

Operation	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Start <input type="radio"/> Stop	<input type="button" value="Apply"/>
Status	Log Count(Max Count) : 76(400)	<input type="button" value="Clear"/>
E-mail Report	Please, set the email address of administrator & SMTP mail server.	

---

**System Log View**

---

Timestamp	System Log Contents
*****	Allocated IP address to the PC in DHCP server: 192.168.1.3
*****	IP : 192.168.1.2 LOGIN Success
*****	No response from DHCP Server in WAN ( wan1 )
*****	Allocated IP address to the PC in DHCP server: 192.168.1.2
*****	System restarted ( Version: 7.80)
2000/01/01 03:26:14	No response from DHCP Server in WAN ( wan1 )
2000/01/01 03:26:06	Administrator changed the WAN configuration: DHCP -> DHCP
2000/01/01 03:24:15	IP : 192.168.1.16 LOGIN Success
2000/01/01 03:24:08	IP : 192.168.1.16 LOGIN Success
2000/01/01 03:24:01	All configurations are saved
2000/01/01 03:20:29	No response from DHCP Server in WAN ( wan1 )
2000/01/01 03:20:24	All configurations are saved
2000/01/01 03:20:19	Administrator changed the WAN configuration: Static -> DHCP
2000/01/01 03:14:26	IP : 192.168.1.16 LOGIN Success
2000/01/01 03:03:08	Allocated IP address to the PC in DHCP server: 192.168.1.16
*****	System restarted ( Version: 7.80)
*****	IP : 192.168.1.4 LOGIN Success
*****	Allocated IP address to the PC in DHCP server: 192.168.1.4

## 5.8.2 Admin Setup

We have discussed Account Setup before; here we focus on **Admin E-mail Setup**.

## Admin Setup

### Login Account Setup

Current ID & password	ID - admin Password - Configured
New Login ID	<input type="text"/>
New Password	<input type="text"/>
Re-type New Password	<input type="text"/>

### Admin E-mail Setup

Admin E-mail	<input type="text"/>
Mail Server(SMTP)	<input type="text"/>
E-mail of sender	<input type="text"/>
Use Authentication	<input type="radio"/> Use <input checked="" type="radio"/> Not Use
SMTP Account	<input type="text"/>
SMTP Password	<input type="text"/>

**Admin E-Mail Setup:** If you want to receive IP routing log by email, set up Email address and SMTP server to receive it.

## 5.8.3 System Time

You can set the time server and time zone for your wireless Router system time.

### System Time

System Time	Trying to get system time from time server.	
Time Server	<input type="text" value="time.windows.com"/> <input type="button" value="v"/>	<input type="text" value="time.windows.com"/>
	<input type="checkbox"/> Summer Time	
Standard Time Zone	<input type="text" value="(GMT+08:00) Beijing, Hongkong, TaiWan, Ulan-Bator, Kuala Lumpur, Singapore"/> <input type="button" value="v"/>	

## 5.8.4 Config Backup/Restore

This webpage allows you to save current settings to a file and reload the settings from the file which was saved previously. Besides, you could reset the current configuration to factory default.

### Config Backup/Restore

<input type="button" value="Config Backup"/>	Download configuration file on your PC
<input type="button" value="Choose File"/> No file chosen	Restore configuration by using Downloaded configuration
<input type="button" value="Config Restore"/>	
<input type="button" value="Factory Default"/>	To restore the factory default configuration, click this button.

## 5.8.5 Misc Setup

Misc Setup provides Host name, Auto Saving, Auto Redirection, Login page setup, UPNP setup and Restart System functions.

Misc Setup		
Hostname	<input type="text"/>	<input type="button" value="Apply"/>
Auto Saving	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Start <input type="radio"/> Stop	<input type="button" value="Apply"/>
Auto Redirection	<input type="radio"/> Start <input checked="" type="radio"/> Stop Redirect web connection to the router's setup page, when internet is disconnected	<input type="button" value="Apply"/>
Login Page Setup	<input checked="" type="radio"/> The login page would be displayed <input type="radio"/> The login page would not be displayed	<input type="button" value="Apply"/>
How to run Setup Window	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Use Popup <input type="radio"/> Use current window	<input type="button" value="Apply"/>
UPNP Setup	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Start <input type="radio"/> Stop <input type="button" value="UPNP Port Forwarding List"/>	<input type="button" value="Apply"/>
Restart System		<input type="button" value="Apply"/>